### POZNAN UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

EUROPEAN CREDIT TRANSFER AND ACCUMULATION SYSTEM (ECTS)

general academic

## **COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS**

Course name

Microprocessor techniques [S2MwT1-PwT>TM]

Course

Field of study Year/Semester

Mathematics in Technology 2/3

Area of study (specialization) Profile of study Programming in Technology

Course offered in Level of study

second-cycle polish

Form of study Requirements full-time compulsory

Number of hours

Lecture Laboratory classes Other (e.g. online)

30

**Tutorials** Projects/seminars

0

Number of credit points

3.00

Coordinators Lecturers

dr hab. inż. Dominik Belter prof. PP dominik.belter@put.poznan.pl

# **Prerequisites**

Student has structured and theoretically founded knowledge of the basic algorithms and math for physics, electronic circuits. Student is able to use programming environments and platforms to write, perform and test simple programs for microcontrollers. Student is aware of and understands the importance and impact of non-technical aspects of engineering activity and the associated responsibility for decisions...

### Course objective

Description of the concepts that underlie microcontrollers with examples that pertain to the most popular ones, including: STM32, ATMega, PIC, 8051.

### Course-related learning outcomes

## Knowledge:

- 1. has an theoretical knowledge about computer science, including numerical methods; has detailed knowledge of at least one software package or programming language [KW 05]
- 2. has an extended knowledge of the latest trends in the development of scientific disciplines and in the field of engineering and technical sciences [KW 09]
- 3.has an advanced knowledge of the principles of ergonomics, health and safety at work and industrial

risks etc. [KW\_11]

#### Skills:

- 1. is able to select appropriate sources of knowledge and obtain necessary information from them, make a critical analysis and evaluation of solutions to complex and unusual engineering tasks or simple research problems and propose their improvement [KU 06].
- 2. is able to measure selected physical quantities with the use of appropriate measuring equipment or sensors or transducers, using familiar measurement methods and systems; is able to perform critical analysis of obtained measurement results [KU\_07].
- 3. is able to operate equipment, tools, etc. in accordance with the general requirements and technical documentation; is able to apply the principles of health and safety at work [KU 09].
- 4. is able to use the specific knowledge acquired and appropriate methods and tools to solve typical engineering tasks or simple research problems [KU 10].
- 5. is able to design, construct and test a complex device, object, system, etc., or carry out a project using appropriate methods, techniques, tools and materials [KU 11].

#### Social competences:

- 1. is aware of the role and importance of knowledge in solving problems of a practical nature, typical for professions and workplaces related to the studied field; is aware of the need to deepen and broaden knowledge [KK\_02].
- 2. is aware of his social role as a graduate of a technical university, is ready to communicate popular science content to the public and to identify and solve basic problems related to the field of study [KK\_05].

# Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Lectures: written tests, pass criterion of 50.1% points.

Laboratory: tests, evaluation of completed projects and reports

# Programme content

Lecture: uC architectures, digital and analog input and outputs, USART, SPI, I2C, 1-wire, RS-232, RS-485, digital to analog converters, analog to digital converters, USB, SD cards
Laboratory: digital and analog input and outputs, USART, SPI, I2C, 1-wire, RS-232, RS-485, digital to analog converters, analog to digital converters, USB, SD cards using STM32F407

## **Teaching methods**

Lecture conducted in an interactive way with formulation of questions to a group of students or to indicated specific students including: numerical systems, architecture and construction of microprocessors, I/O systems, USART, SPI, I2C, 1-wire interfaces, RS-232, RS-485 standards, digital-to-analogue converters, analog-to-digital converters, USB communication, SD card support

## **Bibliography**

#### Basic

- 1. M. Galewski, STM32. Aplikacje i ćwiczenia w języku C, Wydawnictwo BTC, Legionowo 2011
- 2. R. Pełka, Mikrokontrolery, Mikrokontrolery. Architektura, programowanie, zastosowania, Wydawnictwa Komunikacji i Łączności, Warszawa, 2001
- 3. Geoffrey Brown, Discovering the STM32 Microcontroller, Indiana University, 2016 Additional
- 1. K. Paprocki, Mikrokontrolery STM32 w praktyce, Wydawnictwo BTC, Legionowo 2011
- 2. P. Borkowski, AVR i ARM7. Programowanie mikrokontrolerów dla każdego, Helion, 2010
- 3. D. Belter, K. Walas, A Compact Walking Robot Flexible Research and Development Platform, Recent Advances in Automation, Robotics and Measuring Techniques, vol. 267, R. Szewczyk, C. Zielinski, M. Kaliczynska (Eds.), pp. 343-352, 2014

### Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	90	3,00
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	60	2,00
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for laboratory classes/ tutorials, preparation for tests/exam, project preparation)	30	1,00